



FATIMA COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS)

RE-ACCREDITED WITH 'A' GRADE BY NAAC (3RD CYCLE)

COLLEGE WITH POTENTIAL FOR EXCELLENCE (2004-2019)

74TH RANK IN INDIA RANKING 2020 (NIRF)

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RIGHT TO INFORMATION

Right to Information (RTI) is an act of the [Parliament of India](#) which sets out the rules and procedures regarding citizens' right to information. It replaced the former Freedom of Information Act, 2002. Under the provisions of RTI Act, any citizen of India may request information from a "public authority" (a body of Government or "instrumentality of State") which is required to reply expeditiously or within thirty days. In case of matter involving a petitioner's life and liberty, the information has to be provided within 48 hours. The Act also requires every public authority to computerize their records for wide dissemination and to proactively publish certain categories of information so that the citizens need minimum recourse to request for information formally.

This law was passed by Parliament of India on 15 June 2005 and came fully into force on 12 October 2005.

The Right to Information (Amendment) Bill, 2019, seeks to amend Sections 13, 16, and 27 of the RTI Act. Section 13 of the original Act. Finally in a case on 20 September 2020, it is stabilised that right to information is a fundamental right.